$R_{\rm int} = 0.015$

250 parameters

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.53 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^-$

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.36 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

18905 measured reflections

5317 independent reflections

5160 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

H-atom parameters constrained

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Poly[[bis{µ₃-tris[2-(1*H*-tetrazol-1-yl)ethyl]amine}copper(II)] bis(perchlorate)]

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.026; wR factor = 0.072; data-to-parameter ratio = 21.3.

In the title compound, $\{[Cu(C_9H_{15}N_{13})_2](ClO_4)_2\}_n$, the Cu²⁺ cation lies on an inversion center and is coordinated by the tetrazole N⁴ atoms of six symmetry-equivalent tris[2-(1Htetrazol-1-yl)ethyl]amine ligands (t^3z) in the form of a Jahn-Teller-distorted octahedron with Cu-N bond distances of 2.0210 (8), 2.0259 (8) and 2.4098 (8) Å. The tertiary amine N atom is stereochemically inactive. The cationic part of the structure, viz. $[Cu(t^3z)_2]^{2+}$, forms an infinite two-dimensional network parallel to (100), in pockets of which the perchlorate anions reside. The individual networks are partially interlocked and held together by $C-H \cdots O$ interactions to the perchlorate anions and C-H···N interactions to tetrazole N atoms.

Related literature

For a general procedure for the synthesis of tetrazoles, see: Kamiya & Saito (1973). For the crystal structures of the t^3z ligand and its complex with $Cu(NO_3)_2$, see: Hartdegen *et al.* (2009). For supramolecular compounds made up of di-tetrazolylalkanes, see: Liu et al. (2008); Yu et al. (2008). For Fe^{2+} spin-crossover complexes based on di-tetrazolylalkanes, see: Grunert et al. (2004); Absmeier et al. (2006); Quesada et al. (2007); Bialonska et al. (2008). For a related structure, see: Werner et al. (2009).



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Experimental

Crystal data	
$ \begin{bmatrix} Cu(C_9H_{15}N_{13})_2 \end{bmatrix} (CIO_4)_2 \\ M_r = 873.12 \\ Triclinic, P\overline{1} \\ a = 8.5902 (3) \text{ Å} \\ b = 9.4932 (4) \text{ Å} \\ c = 11.8446 (5) \text{ Å} \\ \alpha = 69.233 (1)^{\circ} \\ \beta = 74.652 (1)^{\circ} \\ \end{bmatrix} $	$\gamma = 71.602 (1)^{\circ}$ $V = 844.19 (6) \text{ Å}^{3}$ Z = 1 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.89 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 100 K $0.60 \times 0.38 \times 0.35 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

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Bruker SMART APEX CCD
  diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
  (SADABS; Bruker, 2003)
  T_{\min} = 0.86, T_{\max} = 1.00
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Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.026$ $wR(F^2) = 0.072$ S = 1.075317 reflections

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$C2-H2A\cdots N10^{i}$	0.99	2.60	3.366 (2)	134
C4−H4···O2	0.95	2.33	3.191 (2)	151
$C5-H5B\cdots O1$	0.99	2.58	3.557 (2)	168
$C6-H6A\cdots O4^{ii}$	0.99	2.54	3.459 (2)	154
C7−H7···O3 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.41	3.305 (2)	157
C8−H8A···N2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.99	2.47	3.361 (2)	149
$C8-H8B\cdots O4^{ii}$	0.99	2.50	3.440 (2)	159
$C8 - H8B \cdots O4^{iv}$	0.99	2.59	3.136 (2)	115
Symmetry codes: ($x_{-x_1,-y_2+1,-z_3}$	i) $-x, -y, -z$	x + 1; (ii) $x,$	y - 1, z; (iii) x	x - 1, y, z; (iv)

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2003); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2003); data reduction: SAINT, SADABS and XPREP (Bruker, 2003); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008) and Mercury (Macrae et al., 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97 and publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

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metal-organic compounds

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BQ2196).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, m399-m400 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810008998]

Poly[[bis{#3-tris[2-(1*H*-tetrazol-1-yl)ethyl]amine}copper(II)] bis(perchlorate)]

F. Werner, K. Tokuno, M. Hasegawa, W. Linert and K. Mereiter

Comment

Polyfunctional molecules containing two or more 1*H*-tetrazol-1-yl groups linked by flexible spacer moieties are of considerable interest in supramolecular chemistry (e.g. Liu *et al.* 2008; Yu *et al.*, 2008) and in the construction of new Fe²⁺-based spin-crossover complexes (e.g. Grunert *et al.*, 2004; Absmeier *et al.*, 2006; Quesada *et al.*, 2007; Bialonska *et al.*, 2008). In continuation of previous studies (Werner *et al.*, 2009) the tris(2-(1*H*-tetrazol-1-yl)ethyl)-amine ligand (t^3z) and the title compound were synthesized as described in the experimental section.

The title compound crystallizes in the triclinic space group PT with one formula unit, [Cu(C₉H₁₅N₁₃)₂](ClO₄)₂, per unit cell. Copper lies on an inversion center (we selected $x_y = 1/2$, 1/2, 1/2 for Cu) and is coordinated by six symmetry equivalent $t^3 z$ ligands via their 1*H*-tetrazole N4 atoms. The coordination figure about Cu (Fig. 1) is a Jahn-Teller distorted octahedron with four short Cu—N bonds (N4: 2×2.0259 (8) Å; N8: 2×2.0210 (8) Å) and two long Cu—N bonds (N12: 2×2.0259 (8) Å; N8: 2×2.0210 (8) Å) 2.4098 (8) Å). The N—Cu—N angles are either 180° or deviate only by up to 2.20 (3)° from 90°. A view of the three-armed ligand with the three copper atoms bonded to it is shown in Fig. 2. The ligand adopts an unsymmetrical conformation with two ethyl groups in trans and one in gauche configuration (N1–C2–C3–N13 = 176.71 (8)°, N5–C5–C6–N13 = $170.74(7)^\circ$, N9—C8—C9—N13 = $66.24(10)^\circ$). It is obvious that the ligand is not chelating a copper atom but forms exclusively bridging links between each three of them. This is not unexpected because 1-alkyl-1H-tetrazoles coordinate transition metals generally via their N4 atoms (i.e. N4, N8 and N12 in the title compound) and the spacer length of four carbon plus one nitrogen atoms between two rigid tetrazole rings is too short to permit a reasonable chelation of a single metal centre. With this in mind it is clear that the structure of the title compound should be a coordination polymer. Instead of an expected three-dimensional network, the cationic part of the structure is an infinite two-dimensional coordination polymer extending parallel to (100), as shown in Figs. 3 and 4. The ClO₄ anions are residing in pockets of this coordination polymer and are anchored via intra- as well as inter-layer C-H-··O interactions (Table 1). Two of these interactions are depicted in Fig. 2.

Interestingly, the title compound turned out to be isostructural with $[Cu(t^3z)_2](NO_3)_2$ recently described by Hartdegen *et al.* (2009). This compound crystallizes similar to (I) in the triclinic space group PT with a = 8.5850 (5) Å, b = 8.9606 (5) Å, c = 11.9532 (7) Å, $\alpha = 70.215$ (5) Å, $\beta = 76.919$ (5)°, $\gamma = 69.639$ (5)°, V = 805.02 (8) Å³, and Z = 2 at T = 200 K. A view of this structure is presented in Fig. 5. After suitable origin selection the atomic coordinates of equivalent atomic positions of the $[Cu(t^3z)_2]$ layers in the ClO₄ and the NO₃ salt differ for non-hydrogen atoms between 0 and 0.40 Å and on the average by 0.22 Å. The flat NO₃ group is close in location to Cl1, O1, O2, and O3 in (I).

Experimental

CAUTION! Tetrazoles and perchlorates are energetic compounds sensitive towards heat and impact. Proper precautions and care should be applied. The ligand tris(2-(1*H*-tetrazol-1-yl)ethyl)-amine, t^3z , was prepared according to the general procedure of Kamiya & Saito (1973). A solution of 2.0 g tris(2-aminoethyl)-amine (13.7 mmol, Aldrich, 96%), 3.07 g sodium azide (47.2 mmol, Wako, min. 98.0%) and 9.12 g triethyl orthoformate (61.5 mmol, Sigma-Aldrich, 98%) in 120 ml glacial acetic acid (Kanto Chemical, 99.5%), was stirred for 3 h at a temperature of 343 - 353 K. After cooling to rt overnight the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The solid residue was dissolved in 20 ml H₂O, the solution was made alkaline (pH>11) by adding 100 ml of aqueous 4 N NaOH, and was then extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were dried with sodium sulphate and the solvent was distilled off. The raw product was recrystallised from methanol yielding 178 mg (4.3%) of t^3z . Elemental analysis (Micro Corder JM10, J-Science Lab): C (calculated 35.41%/ found 35.85%), H (4.95/4.94), N (59.64/59.37). NMR (JEOL JNM-ECP 500): ¹H(DMSO-d₆) δ 3.01 (*t*, 6 H, CH₂), 4.42 (*t*, 6H, CH₂), 9.15 (*s*, 3 H, CH); ¹³C (DMSO-d₆) δ 45.3 (CH₂), 52.1 (CH₂), 144.6 (CH).

Single crystals of the title complex, $[Cu(t^3z)_2](ClO_4)_2$, developed overnight from the combined solutions of 15.5 mg of Cu(ClO_4)_2.6H_2O (0.041 mmol, Kanto Chemical) in 2.5 ml H_2O and of 25.1 mg of t^3z (0.082 mmol) in 5 ml H_2O. Yield 28.2 mg (79%), blue needles (Fig. 6). Elemental analysis: C (calculated 24.76%/found 24.96%), H(3.46/3.52), N (41.71/42.62).

Refinement

All H atoms were placed in calculated positions and thereafter treated as riding. $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ was used.

Figures



Fig. 1. The coordination octahedron of Cu in (I) with incomplete t^3z ligands. Displacement ellipsoids for the non-hydrogen atoms drawn at the 50% probability level. Symmetry codes for the t^3z fragments are given in italics.



Fig. 2. Asymmetric unit of (I) viewed along approximately perpendicular to the plane C3—C6—C9 of the t^3z ligand. Displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. Symmetry codes of Cu atoms in italics. Two C—H···O hydrogen bonds shown as red broken lines.



Fig. 3. The two-dimensional coordination polymer in (I) extending parallel to (100) in a projection down the *a*-axis. H-atoms omitted for clarity.



Fig. 4. The two-dimensional coordination polymer in (I) extending parallel to (100) in a projection along the *b*-axis. H-atoms omitted for clarity.



0 cm 1

Fig. 5. The structure of $[Cu(t^3z)_2](NO_3)_2$ (Hartdegen *et al.*, 2009) in a view corresponding to Fig. 4 after shifting the coordinates by x' = x+1/2.

Fig. 6. Crystals of $[Cu(t^3z)_2](ClO_4)_2$, as-grown from water.

Poly[[bis{µ3-tris[2-(1*H*-tetrazol-1-yl)ethyl]amine}copper(II)] bis(perchlorate)]

Z = 1

F(000) = 447

 $\theta = 2.4 - 31.0^{\circ}$

 $\mu = 0.89 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 100 K

 $0.60\times0.38\times0.35~mm$

Prism, blue

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.717 \ {\rm Mg \ m^{-3}}$

Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 7355 reflections

Crystal data [Cu(C₉H₁₅N₁₃)₂](ClO₄)₂ $M_r = 873.12$ Triclinic, *P*T Hall symbol: -P 1 a = 8.5902 (3) Å b = 9.4932 (4) Å c = 11.8446 (5) Å a = 69.233 (1)° $\beta = 74.652$ (1)° $\gamma = 71.602$ (1)° V = 844.19 (6) Å³

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer	5317 independent reflections
Radiation source: normal-focus sealed tube	5160 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.015$
φ and ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 31.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.4^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2003)	$h = -12 \rightarrow 12$
$T_{\min} = 0.86, \ T_{\max} = 1.00$	$k = -13 \rightarrow 13$
18905 measured reflections	$l = -17 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.026$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.072$	H-atom parameters constrained
<i>S</i> = 1.07	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0428P)^2 + 0.303P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
5317 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
250 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.53 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{\text{min}} = -0.36 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor wR and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

F 1		1	1.			• 1 /	• ,	. 1.	1 ,	,	181	2١
Fractional	atomic	coordinates	and ise	ofronic.	or ea	nuvalent	isotror	nc dis	nlacement	narameters	$(A^{-}$	•)
1		000.0000000		n opre		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	1001.00		p	p	1	/

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}$ */ $U_{\rm eq}$
Cu1	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.01041 (5)
N1	0.42188 (10)	0.17443 (9)	0.37722 (7)	0.01129 (14)
N2	0.58575 (11)	0.11927 (10)	0.38325 (8)	0.01522 (16)
N3	0.62835 (11)	0.21526 (10)	0.41688 (8)	0.01499 (15)
N4	0.49368 (10)	0.33358 (9)	0.43272 (7)	0.01173 (14)
N5	0.23080 (11)	0.34128 (10)	-0.15509 (8)	0.01398 (15)
N6	0.19378 (16)	0.26607 (14)	-0.21840 (9)	0.0293 (2)
N7	0.27560 (15)	0.30387 (14)	-0.32835 (9)	0.0271 (2)
N8	0.36562 (11)	0.40410 (10)	-0.33836 (8)	0.01278 (15)
N9	0.05800 (10)	-0.15980 (9)	0.33579 (7)	0.01167 (14)
N10	-0.01294 (11)	-0.20876 (10)	0.45440 (8)	0.01605 (16)
N11	0.09776 (11)	-0.32341 (11)	0.50942 (8)	0.01675 (16)
N12	0.24167 (11)	-0.35052 (10)	0.42864 (8)	0.01439 (15)
N13	0.19387 (10)	0.11244 (9)	0.17899 (7)	0.01133 (14)
C1	0.36653 (12)	0.30591 (11)	0.40781 (9)	0.01306 (16)
H1	0.2557	0.3687	0.4112	0.016*
C2	0.33577 (12)	0.09397 (11)	0.33747 (9)	0.01269 (16)
H2A	0.2419	0.0650	0.4026	0.015*
H2B	0.4136	-0.0025	0.3230	0.015*
C3	0.27031 (12)	0.19884 (11)	0.22024 (9)	0.01354 (16)
H3A	0.1870	0.2925	0.2357	0.016*
H3B	0.3629	0.2327	0.1562	0.016*
C4	0.33503 (12)	0.42623 (11)	-0.22978 (8)	0.01214 (16)
H4	0.3797	0.4914	-0.2088	0.015*

C5	0.16668 (12)	0.31649 (11)	-0.02381 (9)	0.01354 (16)
H5A	0.0434	0.3462	-0.0095	0.016*
H5B	0.2054	0.3823	0.0063	0.016*
C6	0.22876 (12)	0.14415 (11)	0.04621 (9)	0.01244 (16)
H6A	0.1755	0.0811	0.0243	0.015*
H6B	0.3505	0.1111	0.0195	0.015*
C7	0.21343 (12)	-0.24693 (11)	0.32171 (9)	0.01360 (16)
H7	0.2912	-0.2365	0.2472	0.016*
C8	-0.02967 (11)	-0.02595 (11)	0.24720 (9)	0.01210 (16)
H8A	-0.1514	-0.0119	0.2749	0.015*
H8B	-0.0011	-0.0455	0.1665	0.015*
C9	0.01822 (12)	0.12133 (11)	0.23426 (9)	0.01177 (15)
H9A	-0.0525	0.2122	0.1825	0.014*
H9B	-0.0021	0.1360	0.3161	0.014*
Cl1	0.29526 (3)	0.69679 (3)	0.01464 (2)	0.01452 (6)
01	0.24265 (13)	0.56699 (11)	0.10773 (11)	0.0356 (2)
02	0.35608 (12)	0.66142 (13)	-0.10061 (10)	0.0316 (2)
O3	0.42605 (10)	0.72936 (10)	0.04944 (8)	0.02103 (16)
O4	0.15606 (10)	0.83116 (9)	0.00141 (8)	0.02162 (16)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cul	0.01374 (8)	0.01175 (8)	0.00772 (8)	-0.00612 (6)	-0.00085 (5)	-0.00332 (5)
N1	0.0123 (3)	0.0121 (3)	0.0110 (3)	-0.0033 (3)	-0.0029 (3)	-0.0042 (3)
N2	0.0129 (4)	0.0158 (4)	0.0190 (4)	-0.0018 (3)	-0.0050 (3)	-0.0074 (3)
N3	0.0136 (4)	0.0153 (4)	0.0181 (4)	-0.0028 (3)	-0.0040 (3)	-0.0070 (3)
N4	0.0125 (3)	0.0134 (3)	0.0104 (3)	-0.0041 (3)	-0.0019 (3)	-0.0041 (3)
N5	0.0185 (4)	0.0172 (4)	0.0095 (3)	-0.0102 (3)	-0.0011 (3)	-0.0035 (3)
N6	0.0471 (7)	0.0421 (6)	0.0132 (4)	-0.0352 (5)	0.0045 (4)	-0.0111 (4)
N7	0.0437 (6)	0.0366 (5)	0.0132 (4)	-0.0315 (5)	0.0040 (4)	-0.0091 (4)
N8	0.0164 (4)	0.0140 (3)	0.0101 (3)	-0.0072 (3)	-0.0023 (3)	-0.0031 (3)
N9	0.0117 (3)	0.0124 (3)	0.0110 (3)	-0.0044 (3)	-0.0009 (3)	-0.0029 (3)
N10	0.0147 (4)	0.0186 (4)	0.0122 (4)	-0.0052 (3)	0.0001 (3)	-0.0022 (3)
N11	0.0160 (4)	0.0192 (4)	0.0129 (4)	-0.0049 (3)	-0.0015 (3)	-0.0026 (3)
N12	0.0149 (4)	0.0151 (4)	0.0128 (4)	-0.0031 (3)	-0.0029 (3)	-0.0040 (3)
N13	0.0128 (3)	0.0144 (3)	0.0091 (3)	-0.0069 (3)	-0.0012 (3)	-0.0036 (3)
C1	0.0133 (4)	0.0136 (4)	0.0144 (4)	-0.0036 (3)	-0.0026 (3)	-0.0063 (3)
C2	0.0162 (4)	0.0120 (4)	0.0126 (4)	-0.0052 (3)	-0.0049 (3)	-0.0037 (3)
C3	0.0180 (4)	0.0141 (4)	0.0117 (4)	-0.0083 (3)	-0.0051 (3)	-0.0019 (3)
C4	0.0144 (4)	0.0132 (4)	0.0099 (4)	-0.0059 (3)	-0.0017 (3)	-0.0029 (3)
C5	0.0174 (4)	0.0154 (4)	0.0083 (4)	-0.0066 (3)	0.0001 (3)	-0.0035 (3)
C6	0.0148 (4)	0.0138 (4)	0.0096 (4)	-0.0055 (3)	-0.0006 (3)	-0.0038 (3)
C7	0.0134 (4)	0.0141 (4)	0.0128 (4)	-0.0025 (3)	-0.0017 (3)	-0.0045 (3)
C8	0.0114 (4)	0.0120 (4)	0.0130 (4)	-0.0036 (3)	-0.0035 (3)	-0.0022 (3)
С9	0.0126 (4)	0.0120 (4)	0.0111 (4)	-0.0043 (3)	-0.0009 (3)	-0.0036 (3)
Cl1	0.01424 (10)	0.01325 (10)	0.01848 (11)	-0.00314 (7)	-0.00498 (8)	-0.00616 (8)
O1	0.0351 (5)	0.0191 (4)	0.0465 (6)	-0.0144 (4)	-0.0063 (4)	0.0039 (4)

supplementary materials

02	0.0295 (5)	0.0418 (5)	0.0332 (5)	0.0009 (4)	-0.0087 (4)	-0.0285 (4)
03	0.0167 (3)	0.0320 (4)	0.0204 (4)	-0.0103(3)	-0.0048(3)	-0.0099(3)
04	0.0195 (4)	0.0178 (3)	0.0286 (4)	0.0029 (3)	-0.0097 (3)	-0.0106 (3)
Geometric parar	neters (Å, °)					
Cu1—N8 ⁱ		2.0210 (8)	N13-	—C6	1.45	579 (12)
Cu1—N8 ⁱⁱ		2.0210 (8)	N13-	—C3	1.46	617 (12)
Cu1—N4		2.0259 (8)	N13-	—С9	1.46	556 (12)
Cu1—N4 ⁱⁱⁱ		2.0259 (8)	C1—	-H1	0.95	500
Cu1—N12 ^{iv}		2.4098 (8)	C2—	-C3	1.52	215 (13)
Cu1—N12 ^v		2.4098 (8)	C2—	-H2A	0.99	900
N1—C1		1.3305 (12)	C2—	-H2B	0.99	900
N1—N2		1.3500 (11)	С3—	-H3A	0.99	000
N1—C2		1.4657 (12)	С3—	-H3B	0.99	000
N2—N3		1.2915 (12)	C4—	-H4	0.95	500
N3—N4		1.3599 (12)	C5—	-C6	1.53	395 (13)
N4—CI		1.3249 (12)	C5—	-H5A	0.99	200
N5 N6		1.3280(12) 1.3500(12)	C5—	нол	0.99	
N5—C5		1.3500 (12)	C6—	-H6R	0.99	200
N6—N7		1.2892 (13)	C7—	-H7	0.95	500
N7—N8		1.3614 (12)	C8—	-H8A	0.99	900
N8—C4		1.3210 (12)	C8—	-H8B	0.99	000
N8—Cu1 ^{vi}		2.0209 (8)	С9—	-C8	1.52	248 (13)
N9—C7		1.3332 (12)	С9—	-H9A	0.99	000
N9—N10		1.3505 (11)	С9—	-H9B	0.99	900
N9—C8		1.4668 (12)	Cl1–	01	1.43	362 (9)
N10—N11		1.2982 (12)	Cl1—O4		1.4409 (8)	
N11—N12		1.3630 (12)	Cl1—O3		1.4430 (8)	
N12—C7		1.3262 (12)	Cl1–	02	1.44	42 (10)
N12—Cu1 ^{vii}		2.4098 (8)				
N8 ⁱ —Cu1—N8 ⁱⁱ		180.0	C3—	-C2—H2A	109	.7
N8 ⁱ —Cu1—N4		89.54 (3)	N1—	-C2—H2B	109	.7
N8 ⁱⁱ —Cu1—N4		90.46 (3)	C3—	-C2—H2B	109	.7
N8 ⁱ —Cu1—N4 ⁱⁱⁱ		90.46 (3)	H2A	—С2—Н2В	108	.2
N8 ⁱⁱ —Cu1—N4 ⁱⁱⁱ		89.54 (3)	N13-	C3C2	108	.77 (7)
N4—Cu1—N4 ⁱⁱⁱ		180.0	N13-	—С3—НЗА	109	.9
N8 ⁱ —Cu1—N12 ⁱ	V	88.33 (3)	C2—	-C3—H3A	109	.9
N8 ⁱⁱ —Cu1—N12 ⁱ	v	91.67 (3)	N13-	—С3—Н3В	109	.9
N4—Cu1—N12 ^{iv}		92.20 (3)	C2—	-C3—H3B	109	.9
N4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Cu1—N12	iv	87.80 (3)	H3A	—С3—Н3В	108	.3
N8 ⁱ —Cu1—N12 ^v		91.67 (3)	N8—	-C4—N5	108	.02 (8)
N8 ⁱⁱ —Cu1—N12	v	88.33 (3)	N8—	-C4—H4	126	.0
N4—Cu1—N12 ^v		87.80 (3)	N5—	-C4—H4	126	.0

N4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Cu1—N12 ^v	92.20 (3)	N5—C5—C6	109.51 (8)
N12 ^{iv} —Cu1—N12 ^v	180.0	N5—C5—H5A	109.8
C1—N1—N2	108.62 (8)	С6—С5—Н5А	109.8
C1—N1—C2	130.53 (8)	N5—C5—H5B	109.8
N2—N1—C2	120.81 (8)	С6—С5—Н5В	109.8
N3—N2—N1	107.19 (8)	H5A—C5—H5B	108.2
N2—N3—N4	109.54 (8)	N13—C6—C5	113.54 (8)
C1—N4—N3	106.88 (8)	N13—C6—H6A	108.9
C1—N4—Cu1	130.20 (7)	С5—С6—Н6А	108.9
N3—N4—Cu1	122.61 (6)	N13—C6—H6B	108.9
C4—N5—N6	108.65 (8)	С5—С6—Н6В	108.9
C4—N5—C5	129.94 (8)	H6A—C6—H6B	107.7
N6—N5—C5	121.31 (8)	N12—C7—N9	108.87 (9)
N7—N6—N5	106.93 (9)	N12—C7—H7	125.6
N6—N7—N8	109.82 (9)	N9—C7—H7	125.6
C4—N8—N7	106.58 (8)	N9—C8—C9	110.61 (7)
C4—N8—Cu1 ^{vi}	131.67 (7)	N9—C8—H8A	109.5
N7—N8—Cu1 ^{vi}	121.62 (7)	С9—С8—Н8А	109.5
C7—N9—N10	108.17 (8)	N9—C8—H8B	109.5
C7—N9—C8	129.90 (8)	С9—С8—Н8В	109.5
N10—N9—C8	121.83 (8)	H8A—C8—H8B	108.1
N11—N10—N9	106.94 (8)	N13—C9—C8	111.13 (8)
N10—N11—N12	110.25 (8)	N13—C9—H9A	109.4
C7—N12—N11	105.77 (8)	С8—С9—Н9А	109.4
C7—N12—Cu1 ^{vii}	130.45 (7)	N13—C9—H9B	109.4
N11—N12—Cu1 ^{vii}	120.86 (6)	С8—С9—Н9В	109.4
C6—N13—C3	112.76 (7)	H9A—C9—H9B	108.0
C6—N13—C9	114.58 (7)	O1—Cl1—O4	109.30 (6)
C3—N13—C9	113.41 (8)	O1—Cl1—O3	109.62 (6)
N4—C1—N1	107.78 (8)	O4—Cl1—O3	109.26 (5)
N4—C1—H1	126.1	O1—Cl1—O2	109.78 (7)
N1—C1—H1	126.1	O4—Cl1—O2	109.38 (6)
N1—C2—C3	110.04 (7)	O3—Cl1—O2	109.49 (6)
N1—C2—H2A	109.7		
C1—N1—N2—N3	0.07 (11)	N2—N1—C1—N4	0.06 (11)
C2—N1—N2—N3	178.01 (8)	C2—N1—C1—N4	-177.61 (9)
N1—N2—N3—N4	-0.17 (11)	C1—N1—C2—C3	60.09 (13)
N2—N3—N4—C1	0.21 (11)	N2—N1—C2—C3	-117.34 (9)
N2—N3—N4—Cu1	174.39 (7)	C6—N13—C3—C2	-140.77 (8)
N8 ⁱ —Cu1—N4—C1	-113.40 (9)	C9—N13—C3—C2	86.92 (10)
N8 ⁱⁱ —Cu1—N4—C1	66.60 (9)	N1—C2—C3—N13	176.71 (8)
N12 ^{iv} —Cu1—N4—C1	158.29 (9)	N7—N8—C4—N5	0.55 (12)
N12 ^v —Cu1—N4—C1	-21.71 (9)	Cu1 ^{vi} —N8—C4—N5	176.20 (7)
N8 ⁱ —Cu1—N4—N3	73.91 (8)	N6—N5—C4—N8	-0.77 (12)
N8 ⁱⁱ —Cu1—N4—N3	-106.09 (8)	C5—N5—C4—N8	175.60 (9)
N12 ^{iv} —Cu1—N4—N3	-14.40 (8)	C4—N5—C5—C6	-115.73 (11)

supplementary materials

N12 ^v —Cu1—N4—N3	165.60 (8)	N6—N5—C5—C6	60.24 (13)
C4—N5—N6—N7	0.68 (15)	C3—N13—C6—C5	-59.54 (10)
C5—N5—N6—N7	-176.05 (11)	C9—N13—C6—C5	72.20 (10)
N5—N6—N7—N8	-0.34 (16)	N5-C5-C6-N13	170.74 (7)
N6—N7—N8—C4	-0.13 (14)	C6—N13—C9—C8	79.11 (9)
N6—N7—N8—Cu1 ^{vi}	-176.32 (9)	C3—N13—C9—C8	-149.46 (8)
C7—N9—N10—N11	-0.45 (11)	C7—N9—C8—C9	-80.18 (12)
C8—N9—N10—N11	-177.15 (8)	N10—N9—C8—C9	95.73 (10)
N9—N10—N11—N12	0.29 (11)	N13—C9—C8—N9	66.24 (10)
N10—N11—N12—C7	-0.02 (11)	N11—N12—C7—N9	-0.27 (11)
N10—N11—N12—Cu1 ^{vii}	162.54 (7)	Cu1 ^{vii} —N12—C7—N9	-160.50 (7)
N3—N4—C1—N1	-0.17 (11)	N10—N9—C7—N12	0.45 (11)
Cu1—N4—C1—N1	-173.74 (6)	C8—N9—C7—N12	176.79 (9)
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1$, $-y+1$, $-z$; (ii) $x, y, z+1$; (iii) $-x+1, -y+1$, - <i>z</i> +1; (iv) - <i>x</i> +1, - <i>y</i> , - <i>z</i> +1; (v) <i>x</i> , <i>y</i> +1, <i>z</i> ;	(vi) <i>x</i> , <i>y</i> , <i>z</i> –1; (vii) <i>x</i> , <i>y</i> –1,
Ζ.			

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A
C2—H2A…N10 ^{viii}	0.99	2.60	3.366 (2)	134
С4—Н4…О2	0.95	2.33	3.191 (2)	151
C5—H5B…O1	0.99	2.58	3.557 (2)	168
C6—H6A····O4 ^{vii}	0.99	2.54	3.459 (2)	154
C7—H7···O3 ^{vii}	0.95	2.41	3.305 (2)	157
C8—H8A····N2 ^{ix}	0.99	2.47	3.361 (2)	149
C8—H8B····O4 ^{vii}	0.99	2.50	3.440 (2)	159
C8—H8B···O4 ^x	0.99	2.59	3.136 (2)	115

Symmetry codes: (viii) -*x*, -*y*, -*z*+1; (vii) *x*, *y*-1, *z*; (ix) *x*-1, *y*, *z*; (x) -*x*, -*y*+1, -*z*.













